118TH CONGRESS	\mathbf{C}	
2D Session		
		

To cap the emissions of greenhouse gases through a requirement to purchase carbon permits, to distribute the proceeds of such purchases to eligible individuals, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	Van	Hollen	introduced	the f	following	bill;	which	was	${\rm read}$	${\rm twice}$	and
		${\bf referred}$	to the Com	mitte	ee on						

A BILL

To cap the emissions of greenhouse gases through a requirement to purchase carbon permits, to distribute the proceeds of such purchases to eligible individuals, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Healthy Climate and
- 5 Family Security Act of 2024".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 The Congress finds the following:

1 (1) Carbon dioxide and other greenhouse gas 2 emissions continue to rise. 3 (2) The warming of our planet has led to more 4 frequent, dangerous and expensive extreme weather 5 events, including heat waves, storms, fires, droughts, 6 floods and tornadoes. 7 (3) A 2018 report by the Intergovernmental 8 Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) recommends that 9 serious efforts be made to limit global warming to 10 1.5°C, which would require that CO₂ emissions fall 11 by 45 percent below 2010 levels by 2030, reaching 12 net zero by the middle of this century. 13 (4) The atmosphere is a common resource that 14 belongs equally to all. 15 (5) Stabilizing the climate can and must be 16 done in a way that supports vibrant economic 17 growth and a thriving middle class. 18 (6) Stabilizing the climate can and must be 19 done in a way that supports environmental justice 20 by reducing pollution affecting communities that 21 have suffered disproportionately from hazards aris-22 ing from the extraction and combustion of fossil 23 fuels and supports community right-to-know report-

ing on emissions from fossil fuel combustion.

24

1	(7) Legislation to address climate change and
2	accelerate the transition to a clean energy economy
3	must be fair, transparent and built to last.
4	SEC. 3. AUCTION OF CARBON PERMITS AND DISTRIBUTION
5	OF HEALTHY CLIMATE DIVIDENDS.
6	(a) In General.—The Internal Revenue Code of
7	1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new
8	subtitle:
9	"Subtitle L—Auction of Carbon
10	Permits and Distribution of
11	Healthy Climate Dividends
	"Chapter 101. Cap and Dividend Program Rules. "Chapter 102. Healthy Climate Dividends. "Chapter 103. Border Adjustments.
12	"CHAPTER 101—CAP AND DIVIDEND
13	PROGRAM RULES
	"Sec. 9901. Definitions. "Sec. 9902. Carbon permits. "Sec. 9903. Auctions. "Sec. 9904. Compliance obligation. "Sec. 9905. Penalty for noncompliance. "Sec. 9906. Transfers. "Sec. 9907. Banking and borrowing. "Sec. 9908. Environmental justice.
14	"SEC. 9901. DEFINITIONS.
15	"For purposes of this subtitle:
16	"(1) Administrator.—The term 'Adminis-
17	trator' means the Administrator of the Environ-
18	mental Protection Agency.

1	"(2) CARBON PERMIT.—The term 'carbon per-
2	mit' means a carbon permit established by the Sec-
3	retary under section 9902(a).
4	"(3) Covered entity.—The term 'covered en-
5	tity' means—
6	"(A) in the case of crude oil—
7	"(i) any producer of crude oil oper-
8	ating in the United States, and
9	"(ii) any importer of crude oil, petro-
10	leum, or any petroleum product into the
11	United States,
12	"(B) in the case of coal—
13	"(i) any coal mine operating in the
14	United States, and
15	"(ii) any importer of coal into the
16	United States, and
17	"(C) in the case of natural gas—
18	"(i) any entity required to submit a
19	report to the Energy Information Agency
20	on Form 176 by reason of delivering nat-
21	ural gas to an end user, and
22	"(ii) any natural gas processor not de-
23	scribed in clause (i) with respect to sales of
24	natural gas in the United States.

1 "(4) COVERED FUEL.—The term 'covered fuel' 2 means crude oil, natural gas, coal, or any other 3 product derived therefrom for use as a combustible 4 fuel offered for sale in United States markets. 5 "(5) CRUDE OIL.—The term 'crude oil' includes 6 crude oil condensates, natural gasoline, shale oil, any 7 bitumen or bituminous mixture, any oil derived from 8 a bitumen or bituminous mixture, and any oil de-9 rived from kerogen-bearing sources. 10 "(6) Fair Market Value.—The term 'fair 11 market value' means the average auction price for 12 carbon permits during the 4 quarters immediately 13 preceding a failure to surrender, when required 14 under section 9904, the required number of carbon 15 permits under such section. "(7) STATE.—The term 'State' means the sev-16 17 eral States, the District of Columbia, the Common-18 wealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Is-19 lands, Guam, American Samoa, the Commonwealth 20 of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any other 21 commonwealth, territory, or possession of the United 22 States. 23 "(8) VINTAGE YEAR.—The term 'vintage year' 24 means the calendar year for which a carbon permit 25 is established under section 9902.

1	"(9) Co-pollutant.— The term 'co-pollutant'
2	means—
3	"(A) any criteria pollutant for which there
4	are national ambient air quality standards
5	under section 109 of the Clean Air Act (42
6	U.S.C. 7409), and
7	"(B) any precursor to such a criteria pol-
8	lutant which is released in fossil fuel combus-
9	tion.
10	"(10) Frontline communities.—The term
11	'frontline communities' means locations in which mi-
12	nority populations and low-income populations in the
13	United States and its territories and possessions, the
14	District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto
15	Rico, and the Commonwealth of the Mariana Islands
16	are exposed to disproportionately high and adverse
17	human health or environmental effects of air pollu-
18	tion.
19	"SEC. 9902. CARBON PERMITS.
20	"(a) In General.—The Secretary, in consultation
21	with the Administrator, shall establish a separate quantity
22	of carbon permits for calendar year 2025 and each cal-
23	endar year thereafter, as set forth under subsection (b).
24	"(b) Emissions Reduction Schedule.—

1	"(1) In General.—The quantity of carbon
2	permits established by the Secretary, in consultation
3	with the Administrator, under subsection (a) for any
4	calendar year before 2050 that is between the near-
5	est target years specified in paragraph (2) preceding
6	and succeeding such calendar year shall be the quan-
7	tity of such permits that represents an equal, pro
8	rata reduction from the preceding year to the suc-
9	ceeding year.
10	"(2) Targets.—
11	"(A) Initial target.—The quantity of
12	carbon permits established for 2025 shall be
13	equal to 15 percent less than the number of
14	metric tons of carbon dioxide emitted in the
15	United States in 2015.
16	"(B) Decadal Targets.—The quantity
17	of carbon permits established for—
18	"(i) 2027 shall be equal to 35 percent
19	less than the number of metric tons of car-
20	bon dioxide emitted in the United States in
21	2015,
22	"(ii) 2030 shall be equal to 50 percent
23	less than the number of metric tons of car-
24	bon dioxide emitted in the United States in
25	2015,

1	"(iii) 2038 shall be equal to 60 per-
2	cent less than the number of metric tons
3	of carbon dioxide emitted in the United
4	States in 2015,
5	"(iv) 2044 shall be equal to 80 per-
6	cent less than the number of metric tons
7	of carbon dioxide emitted in the United
8	States in 2015, and
9	"(v) 2050 shall be equal to 90 percent
10	less than the number of metric tons of car-
11	bon dioxide emitted in the United States in
12	2015.
13	"(3) Reports.—
14	"(A) CALENDAR YEAR 2050.—In 2050 the
15	Secretary, after consultation with the Adminis-
16	trator, shall submit a report to Congress mak-
17	ing recommendations concerning the program
18	established under this subtitle for years after
19	2050, including the quantity of carbon permits
20	to be established and any reductions that may
21	be necessary to ensure a net zero carbon econ-
22	omy and a healthy climate.
23	"(B) AVERTING CATASTROPHIC CLIMATIC
24	IMPACT.—Not later than 4 years after the date
25	of the enactment of this section, and every 4

1	years thereafter, the Secretary shall report to
2	Congress on any recommended revisions to the
3	decadal targets under paragraph (2) and the
4	basis for those recommendations if the Sec-
5	retary, after consultation with the Adminis-
6	trator, determines the emissions reductions tar-
7	gets under this subsection should be further
8	tightened in order to—
9	"(i) reach a net-zero carbon economy
10	by 2050, or
11	"(ii) avert catastrophic climate im-
12	pacts.
13	"(c) Identification Numbers.—The Secretary
14	shall assign to each carbon permit established under sub-
15	section (a) a unique identification number that includes
16	the vintage year for that carbon permit.
17	"(d) Legal Status of Carbon Permits.—
18	"(1) In general.—A carbon permit does not
19	constitute a property right.
20	"(2) Termination or limitation.—Nothing
21	in this subtitle or any other provision of law shall be
22	construed to limit or alter the authority of the
23	United States, including the Secretary acting pursu-
24	ant to statutory authority, to terminate or limit a
25	carbon permit.

1	"(3) Other provisions unaffected.—Noth-
2	ing in this subtitle relating to carbon permits issued
3	under this section shall affect the application of any
4	other provision of law to a covered entity (including
5	the Clean Air Act), or the responsibility for a cov-
6	ered entity to comply with any such provision of law.
7	Regional and State greenhouse gas initiatives are
8	not preempted by this subtitle.
9	"(e) Regulations.—Not later than December 31,
10	2025, the Secretary shall promulgate regulations to carry
11	out the provisions of this subtitle.
12	"SEC. 9903. AUCTIONS.
13	"(a) Periodic Auctions.—The Secretary shall con-
14	duct periodic public auctions of carbon permits established
15	under section 9902(a). The Secretary shall conduct at
16	least 1 such auction in each calendar quarter of each year
17	for which carbon permits are established, and shall dis-
18	tribute the available permits for each such year pro rata
19	among the quarters of such year.
20	"(b) Auction Rules.—The Secretary shall—
21	"(1) limit auction participation only to covered
22	entities,
23	"(2) establish a limit on the amount of carbon
24	permits that can be purchased by a single entity at
25	each auction and an aggregate limit on the total

1	amount of permits that can be held by a single enti-
2	ty at any one time that—
3	"(A) reflects anticipated sector and partici-
4	pant demand,
5	"(B) prevents speculation, manipulation,
6	or hoarding of permits, and
7	"(C) does not interfere with normal mar-
8	ket competition, and
9	"(3) set a minimum permit price at the initial
10	auction of \$40 per ton of carbon dioxide that will be
11	released when the covered fuel is burned, increase
12	this minimum price by \$10 in each successive year
13	and adjust for inflation, and have the authority to
14	set higher minimum permit prices.
15	"(c) Unsold Permits.—Any carbon permit unsold
16	at the auction at which it is offered shall expire.
17	"SEC. 9904. COMPLIANCE OBLIGATION.
18	"(a) In General.—Not later than April 1, 2025,
19	and April 1 of each year thereafter, each covered entity
20	shall surrender to the Secretary a quantity of carbon per-
21	mits at least as great as the number of metric tons of
22	carbon dioxide that the Secretary, in consultation with the
23	Administrator, determines would be emitted by the com-
24	bustion of covered fuels with respect to which the covered

- 1 entity made the first sale in United States markets during
- 2 the previous calendar year.
- 3 "(b) Use Treated as Sale.—For purposes of sub-
- 4 section (a), consumption for an emitting use by the cov-
- 5 ered entity of covered fuels produced by the covered entity
- 6 shall be treated as a first sale.

7 "SEC. 9905. PENALTY FOR NONCOMPLIANCE.

- 8 "(a) In General.—Any covered entity that fails for
- 9 any year to surrender, by the deadline described in section
- 10 9904, one or more of the carbon permits due pursuant
- 11 to such section shall be required to surrender permits in
- 12 order to meet this past due obligation and shall be liable
- 13 for payment to the Secretary of a penalty in the amount
- 14 described in subsection (b).
- 15 "(b) Amount.—The amount of a penalty required to
- 16 be paid under subsection (a) shall be equal to the product
- 17 obtained by multiplying—
- 18 "(1) the number of carbon permits that the cov-
- ered entity failed to surrender by the deadline, by
- 20 "(2) 3 times the fair market value of carbon
- 21 permits issued for emissions occurring in the cal-
- 22 endar year for which the carbon permits were due.
- 23 "(c) Timing.—A penalty required under this section
- 24 shall be immediately due and payable to the Secretary,
- 25 without demand, in accordance with regulations promul-

- 1 gated by the Secretary, which shall be issued not later
- 2 than 1 year after the date of enactment of this subtitle.
- 3 "(d) No Effect on Liability.—A penalty due and
- 4 payable by the covered entity under this section shall not
- 5 diminish the liability of the covered entity for any fine,
- 6 penalty, or assessment against the covered entity for the
- 7 same violation under any other provision of law.
- 8 "(e) Penalty Not Deductible.—No deduction
- 9 shall be allowed under subtitle A for a penalty paid under
- 10 this section.

11 "SEC. 9906. TRACKING.

- 12 "The regulations promulgated under section 9902(e)
- 13 shall include a system for issuing, recording, holding, and
- 14 tracking carbon permits that shall specify all necessary
- 15 procedures and requirements for an orderly and competi-
- 16 tive functioning of the carbon permit system. Such regula-
- 17 tions shall provide for appropriate publication of the infor-
- 18 mation in the system on the internet.

19 "SEC. 9907. BANKING.

- 20 "(a) Banking.—A carbon permit may be used to
- 21 meet the compliance obligation requirements of section
- 22 9904 for emissions only in the permit's vintage year, the
- 23 year prior, or the year following. At least 80 percent of
- 24 permits used by an entity to meet its compliance obligation
- 25 for a year must be of that year's vintage. The Secretary

- 1 shall have the authority to establish stricter requirements
- 2 for the percentage of the compliance obligation for a year
- 3 that must be met with permits of that year's vintage, and
- 4 to establish penalties for failure to comply.
- 5 "(b) Expiration.—A carbon permit shall expire
- 6 when—
- 7 "(1) it is surrendered to the Secretary under
- 8 section 9904,
- 9 "(2) it has been held by a covered entity and
- has not been surrendered to the Secretary under sec-
- tion 9904 within 18 months after the end of its vin-
- tage year, or
- 13 "(3) the Secretary determines by regulation
- that expiration is necessary to ensure the authen-
- ticity and integrity of carbon permits or the carbon
- permit tracking system.

17 "SEC. 9908. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE.

- 18 "(a) IN GENERAL.—This chapter shall be imple-
- 19 mented to the extent practicable to ensure that reductions
- 20 in carbon emissions are accompanied by commensurate re-
- 21 ductions in emissions of co-pollutants from fossil fuel com-
- 22 bustion that impact frontline communities.
- 23 "(b) Report on Air Quality Methods Develop-
- 24 MENT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment
- 25 of this section, the Administrator shall submit to Congress

- 1 a report detailing efforts to increase air quality monitoring
- 2 deployment and technical assistance at the Federal, State,
- 3 local, and tribal level.
- 4 "(c) AIR QUALITY MONITORING IN FRONTLINE COM-
- 5 MUNITIES.—The Administrator (or the Administrator's
- 6 delegate) is authorized to provide for trends monitoring
- 7 of ambient air quality in frontline communities and moni-
- 8 toring of co-pollutant emissions from sources located in
- 9 or near such communities that impact their pollution bur-
- 10 den. Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment
- 11 of this section, any information from such monitors shall
- 12 be recorded and reported at the level of monitor and pol-
- 13 lutant, and made available to the public to support effec-
- 14 tive community participation in the making of environ-
- 15 mental policies.
- 16 "(d) Environmental Justice Guarantee.—In
- 17 cases where co-pollutant emissions impacting frontline
- 18 communities have not declined at a rate equal to the car-
- 19 bon dioxide emissions targets established in section
- 20 9902(b)(2), the Administrator is authorized to implement
- 21 or promulgate additional regulatory measures to ensure
- 22 such reductions.
- 23 "(e) Environmental Justice Review.—Not later
- 24 than 4 years after the date of enactment of this section,
- 25 and annually thereafter, the Administrator shall imple-

- 1 ment an annual review to determine frontline commu-
- 2 nities, evaluate the effects of the enactment of this chapter
- 3 on environmental justice, and recommend further correc-
- 4 tive measures if needed.
- 5 "(f) APPROPRIATIONS.—Out of any money in the
- 6 Treasury not otherwise appropriated, there shall be appro-
- 7 priated such sums as are necessary to carry out the pur-
- 8 poses of this section, to remain available until expended.

9 **"CHAPTER 102—HEALTHY CLIMATE"**

10 **DIVIDENDS**

"Sec. 9911. Healthy Climate Trust Fund.

11 "SEC. 9911. HEALTHY CLIMATE TRUST FUND.

- 12 "(a) Establishment.—There is established in the
- 13 Treasury of the United States a trust fund to be known
- 14 as the 'Healthy Climate Trust Fund', consisting of such
- 15 amounts as may be appropriated to such trust fund as
- 16 provided for in this section.
- 17 "(b) Transfers.—
- 18 "(1) PROCEED AMOUNTS.—There are appro-
- priated to the Healthy Climate Trust Fund amounts
- 20 equivalent to funds received as proceeds under sec-
- 21 tion 9903.
- 22 "(2) Penalty amounts.—There are appro-
- priated to the Healthy Climate Trust Fund amounts

[&]quot;Sec. 9912. Healthy Climate Dividend Payments.

[&]quot;Sec. 9913. Transparency.

1	equivalent to funds received as penalties under sec-
2	tion 9905.
3	"(c) Expenditures.—
4	"(1) Administrative expenses.—Out of any
5	amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated,
6	there shall be appropriated such sums as are nec-
7	essary to pay the administrative expenses necessary
8	to carry out this chapter.
9	"(2) Healthy climate dividend pay-
10	MENTS.—Amounts in the Healthy Climate Trust
11	Fund not used under paragraph (1) for any month
12	shall be available for making Healthy Climate Divi-
13	dend Payments under section 9912.
14	"SEC. 9912. HEALTHY CLIMATE DIVIDEND PAYMENTS.
15	"(a) In General.—For purposes of this section:
16	"(1) HEALTHY CLIMATE DIVIDEND PAY-
17	MENT.—The term 'Healthy Climate Dividend Pay-
18	ment' means the individual pro rata share, as deter-
19	mined by the Secretary, of amounts available for any
20	quarter in the Healthy Climate Trust Fund under
21	section $9911(c)(2)$. The amounts so available for any
22	quarter shall be equal to the proceeds from auctions
23	conducted under section 9903 in the preceding cal-
24	endar quarter.
25	"(2) Eligible individual.—

1 "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'eligible in-2 dividual' means, with respect to any quarter, 3 any individual with a valid social security num-4 ber (other than a nonresident alien individual) 5 who is lawfully present in the United States for 6 such quarter, as determined and verified by the 7 Secretary in consultation with any other Fed-8 eral entity the Secretary determines appro-9 priate. 10 "(B) Opt out.—An individual may elect 11 not to be treated as an eligible individual. 12 "(b) Payment of Healthy Climate Dividend.— From amounts made available under section 9911(c)(2), the Secretary shall make a Healthy Climate Dividend Pay-14 15 ment not later than the end of the calendar quarter following the calendar quarter in which such amounts are 16 17 appropriated to the Healthy Climate Trust Fund under section 9911 to each eligible individual for that quarter. 18 19 Such payments shall be made by electronic means to the 20 maximum extent practicable. 21 "(c) Exclusion From Gross Income.—Gross in-22 come shall not include any Healthy Climate Dividend paid under this section.

- 1 "(d) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
- 2 such regulations and other guidance as may be necessary
- 3 or appropriate to carry out this section.
- 4 "SEC. 9913. TRANSPARENCY.
- 5 "(a) Report to Congress.—Not later than June
- 6 30, 2026, and at least annually thereafter, the Secretary
- 7 shall transmit to Congress a report accounting for the dis-
- 8 position of amounts in the Healthy Climate Trust Fund
- 9 in the previous calendar year.
- 10 "(b) Healthy Climate Trust Fund Website.—
- 11 Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment
- 12 of this subtitle, the Secretary shall establish and maintain
- 13 a website to provide the public with information on the
- 14 disposition of any amounts in the Healthy Climate Trust
- 15 Fund.

16 "CHAPTER 103—BORDER ADJUSTMENTS

- 17 "SEC. 9921. CARBON EQUIVALENCY FEE.
- 18 "(a) Imports.—The Secretary shall impose carbon
- 19 equivalency fees to be collected by the Commissioner re-
- 20 sponsible for U.S. Customs and Border Control on imports
- 21 of carbon-intensive goods. The amount of the carbon
- 22 equivalency fee shall be equal to the cost that domestic
- 23 producers of a comparable carbon-intensive good incur as
- 24 a result of—

[&]quot;Sec. 9921. Carbon equivalency fee.

[&]quot;Sec. 9922. Definitions.

[&]quot;Sec. 9923. Sense of Congress.

1	"(1) prices paid in the acquisition of carbon
2	permits by covered entities under this subtitle, and
3	"(2) carbon equivalency fees paid by importers
4	of carbon-intensive goods used in the production of
5	the comparable carbon-intensive good.
6	"(b) Payments to Exporters.—The Secretary
7	shall pay without interest to entities exporting from the
8	United States carbon-intensive goods produced in the
9	United States. The amount of the payment shall be equal
10	to the cost that domestic producers of the carbon-intensive
11	good incur as a result of—
12	"(1) prices paid in the acquisition of carbon
13	permits by covered entities under this subtitle, and
14	"(2) carbon equivalency fees paid by importers
15	of carbon-intensive goods used in the production of
16	the comparable carbon-intensive good.
17	"(c) Expiration.—This section shall cease to have
18	effect at such time as and to the extent that—
19	"(1) an international agreement requiring coun-
20	tries that emit greenhouse gases and produce car-
21	bon-intensive goods for export markets to adopt
22	equivalent measures comes into effect, or
23	"(2) the country of export has implemented
24	equivalent measures, as determined by the Sec-
25	retary, in consultation with the Secretary of State

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1	"SEC.	9922.	DEFINITIONS.

2	"In this chapter:
3	"(1) CARBON-INTENSIVE GOOD.—The term
4	'carbon-intensive good' means a good that, as identi-
5	fied by the Secretary, in consultation with the Ad-
6	ministrator, by rule—
7	"(A) is a primary product, or
8	"(B) is a manufactured item in which one
9	or more primary products are inputs and the
10	cost of production of which in the United States
11	is significantly increased by reason of the re-
12	quirements under this subtitle.
13	"(2) Primary Product.—The term 'primary
14	product' means—
15	"(A) iron, steel, steel mill products (includ-
16	ing pipe and tube), aluminum, cement, glass
17	(including flat, container, and specialty glass
18	and fiberglass), pulp, paper, chemicals, or in-
19	dustrial ceramics, and
20	"(B) any other manufactured product that
21	the Secretary, in consultation with the Adminis-
22	trator, determines—
23	"(i) is sold for purposes of further
24	manufacture, and
25	"(ii) generates, in the course of the
26	manufacture of the product, direct and in-

direct greenhouse gas emissions that are
comparable (on an emissions-per-dollar of
output basis) to emissions generated in the
manufacture or production of a primary
product identified in subparagraph (A).

"(3) Equivalent measure.—The term 'equivalent measure' means a tax, or other regulatory requirement that imposes a cost, on manufacturers of carbon-intensive goods located outside the United States, by reason of greenhouse gas emissions in the production of such goods by such manufacturers, approximately equal to the cost imposed by this subtitle on manufacturers of comparable carbon-intensive goods located in the United States.

15 "SEC. 9923. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

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16 "It is the sense of Congress that the United States 17 should work proactively under the United Nations Frame-18 work Convention on Climate Change and in other appropriate fora, to establish binding agreements committing all 19 20 major greenhouse gas emitting countries and countries 21 with globally competitive producers of carbon-intensive goods to contribute equitably to the reduction of global 23 greenhouse gas emissions on a schedule and order of magnitude necessary to stabilize the climate.".

1	(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of subtitles
2	for the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by add-
3	ing at the end the following new item:
	"Subtitle L. Auction of Carbon Permits and Distribution of Healthy Climate Dividends.".
4	SEC. 4. NON-AUCTION GREENHOUSE GASES.
5	(a) Definitions.—In this section:
6	(1) The term "Administrator" means the Ad-
7	ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency.
8	(2) The term "non-auction greenhouse gas" re-
9	fers to the gases included on the list in effect under
10	subsection (b).
11	(b) List of Non-Auction Greenhouse Gases.—
12	(1) Initial list.—Not later than 2 years after
13	the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-
14	trator, by rule, shall finalize and publish a list
15	that—
16	(A) consists of the anthropogenically emit-
17	ted gases that are determined by the Adminis-
18	trator to contribute to global warming; and
19	(B) excludes gases to the extent they are—
20	(i) carbon dioxide emitted by the com-
21	bustion of a covered fuel (as such term is
22	defined in section 9901 of the Internal
23	Revenue Code of 1986, as added by section
24	3(a) of this Act); or

1	(ii) directly attributable to the produc-
2	tion of animals for food or food products.
3	(2) UPDATES.—The Administrator shall peri-
4	odically review and, as appropriate, update the list
5	under paragraph (1).
6	(c) Regulations.—
7	(1) In general.—Under the authorities vested
8	in the Administrator by the Clean Air Act (42
9	U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) and any other applicable law
10	(other than this section), the Administrator shall
11	promulgate regulations addressing the contribution
12	of non-auction greenhouse gases to global warming.
13	(2) International competitiveness.—In
14	promulgating regulations under this subsection, the
15	Administrator shall take into consideration the effect
16	of such regulations on the international competitive-
17	ness of businesses and industries of the United
18	States.
19	(d) Schedule.—
20	(1) In general.—The regulations under sub-
21	section (c) shall ensure that—
22	(A) not later than 4 years after the date
23	of enactment of this Act, requirements take ef-
24	fect to regulate sources which, collectively, emit

not less than 25 percent of non-auction green-
house gases emitted in the United States;
(B) not later than 6 years after the date
of enactment of this Act, requirements take ef-
fect to regulate sources which, collectively, emit
not less than 50 percent of non-auction green-
house gases emitted in the United States;
(C) not later than 8 years after the date
of enactment of this Act, requirements take ef-
fect to regulate sources which, collectively, emit
not less than 75 percent of non-auction green-
house gases emitted in the United States; and
(D) not later than 10 years after the date
of enactment of this Act, requirements take ef-
fect to regulate sources which, collectively, emit
100 percent of non-auction greenhouse gases
emitted in the United States.
(2) Baseline.—The percentages specified in
paragraph (1) shall be applied relative to the aggre-
gate quantity of non-auction greenhouse gases emit-
ted in the United States during the calendar year in
which the initial list under subsection (b)(1) is re-
quired to be finalized by such subsection.

1 (e) Priorities.—In determining priorities for regu-2 lating the emissions of non-auction greenhouse gases 3 under subsection (c), the Administrator shall consider— 4 (1) the degree to which the gases involved con-5 tribute to global warming; and 6 (2) the speed with which a given reduction 7 would contribute to stabilizing the climate. 8 (f) CITIZEN SUITS.—The provisions of section 304 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7604) shall apply with 10 respect to a violation of a requirement under this section, or the failure of the Administrator to perform a non-dis-11 12 cretionary act or duty under this section, to the same extent and in the same manner as such provisions apply with respect to a violation described in subsection (a) of such 14 15 section 304 or a failure to perform a non-discretionary act or duty described in such subsection. 16 17 (g) Report to Congress.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Adminis-18 19 trator shall submit a report to the Congress identifying 20 any additions or modifications to statutory provisions 21 which are needed for the Administrator to effectively ad-

dress the contribution of non-auction greenhouse gases to

23

global warming.

1	SEC	5	DISCLOSUDE	OF INFORMATION
	5 P.C.	2	DISCLUSI KK	TH INHURINALIUN

2	(a) Limited Disclosure of Identity.—Subsection
3	(l) of section 6103 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
4	is amended by adding at the end the following new para-
5	graph:
6	"(23) Limited disclosure of identity in-
7	FORMATION RELATING TO HEALTHY CLIMATE DIVI-
8	DEND PAYMENTS.—
9	"(A) DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY.—
10	Information regarding taxpayer identity with
11	respect to individuals shall, without written re-
12	quest, be open to inspection by or disclosure to
13	officers and employees of the Department of the
14	Treasury whose official duties require such in-
15	spection or disclosure for purposes of section
16	9912.
17	"(B) Commissioner of social secu-
18	RITY.—The Commissioner of Social Security
19	shall, on written request, disclose to officers
20	and employees of the Department of the Treas-
21	ury information regarding taxpayer identity
22	which has been disclosed to the Social Security
23	Administration as provided by paragraph (1) or
24	(5).
25	"(C) RESTRICTION ON DISCLOSURE.—In-
26	formation disclosed under this paragraph shall

1	be disclosed only for purposes of, and to the ex-
2	tent necessary in, carrying out section 9912.".
3	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section
4	6103(p)(3)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is
5	amended by striking "or (18)" and inserting "(18), or
6	(23)".
7	SEC. 6. PRESERVATION OF REMEDIES.
8	(a) In General.—Nothing in this Act preempts, dis-
9	places, or restricts any State or Federal common law or
10	statutory rights that create a remedy for civil relief, in-
11	cluding those for civil damages, or that create a penalty
12	for criminal conduct.
13	(b) CLAIMS RELATED TO FOSSIL FUELS AND CLI-
14	MATE CHANGE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of
15	law, nothing in this Act, the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
16	7401 et seq.), or Federal common law preempts, displaces,
17	or restricts any right or remedy of any person, State, city,
18	county, or local or Tribal government under State or local
19	statute, ordinance, or common law related to any allega-
20	tion of—
21	(1) deception concerning the effects of fossil
<u>د</u> د	(1) deception concerning the effects of fossil
22	fuels on climate change;

1	(3) the failure to avoid any damage or injury
2	related to—
3	(A) climate change, including claims for
4	nuisance, trespass, design defect, negligence,
5	failure to warn, or deceptive or unfair practices;
6	and
7	(B) claims for injunctive, declaratory, mon-
8	etary, or other relief.
9	SEC. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.
10	The amendments made by this Act shall take effect
11	on the date of the engetment of this Act